[Fully distributed infrastructure-less proximity based direct communication for 802.16]

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Base Contribution:

[None]

Purpose:

[To instigate discussion regarding a new project for the IEEE 802.16 Working Group, and to propose a development on infrastructureindependent direct communications for proximity-based services]

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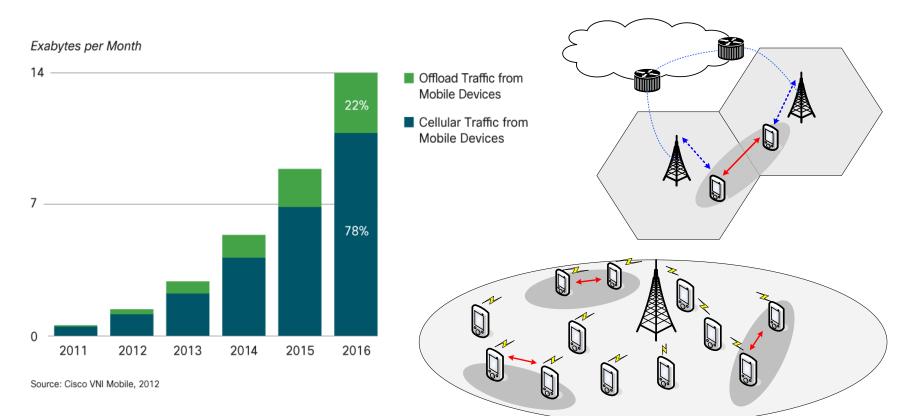
<http://standards.ieee.org/guides/bylaws/sect6-7.<u>html#6</u>> and <http://standards.ieee.org/guides/opman/<u>sect6.html#6.3</u>>. Further information is located at <<u>http://standards.ieee.org/board/pat/pat-material.html</u>> and <<u>http://standards.ieee.org/board/pat</u>>.

Proximity based applications (aforementioned in [1])

- What can we get with proximity based applications?
 - Cellular traffic offloading (or data content sharing)
 - Proximity based P2P (device/service) discovery feature
 - Proximity based social commerce and advertisement
 - Proximity based social networking service (gaming, chatting, etc.)
 - Etc.
- Current issues/trends of 3GPP LTE (ProSe)
 - Network controlled proximity service
 - Discussions on supporting proximity based service are active (D2D direct discovery & local routing)
 - Proximity service for public safety
 - Out of BS coverage case

Proximity based applications via Direct Communication

- Why traffic offloading?
 - Expected exponential increase of mobile traffic



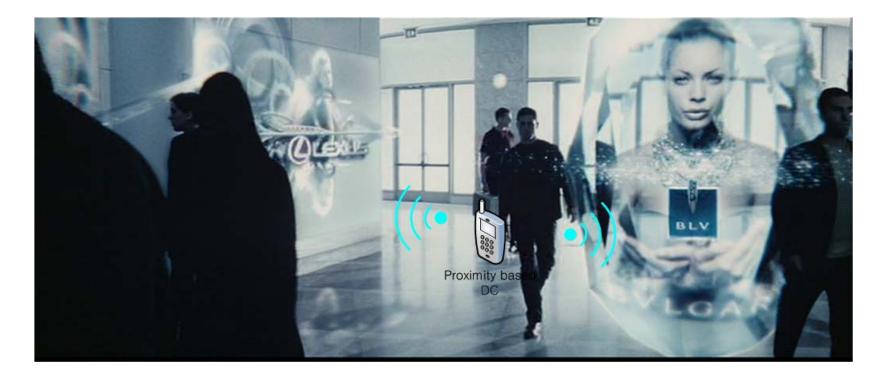
Proximity based applications via Direct Communication

- Benefits of proximity based service
 - Public information service: MS initiates direct device/service discovery



Proximity based applications via Direct Communication

- Business model of proximity based service
 - Social commerce and advertisement: MS initiates device/service discovery



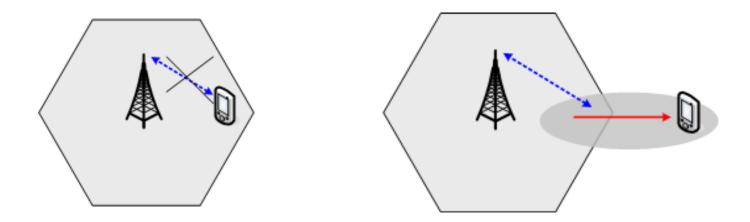
Thoughts on current 802.16.1/1a standard

- Can IEEE 802.16 GRIDMAN TG's BS-controlled/talk-around communication support proximity based services?
 - 1) Cellular traffic offloading (Inter-BS data content sharing)
 - BS-controlled DC:
 - Limited to a single BS service area (not specifically defined for inter-BS case)
 - Talk-around DC:
 - Focused on voice application (low capacity)
 - 2) Proximity based P2P (device/service) discovery
 - BS-controlled:
 - No MS initiated proximity discovery
 - No support for device/service discovery in idle mode (before MS network entry)
 - Talk-around DC:
 - Not considered, no MS initiated proximity discovery

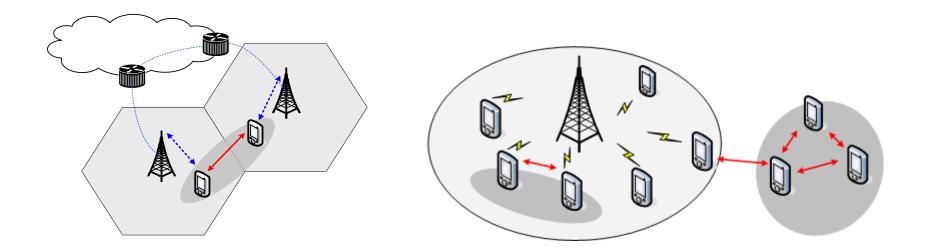
- In order to support proximity based direct communication (DC) services in the current 802.16 standard, we need a new amendment (not a revision of GRIDMAN TG).
 - The intent of DC feature in GRIDMAN TG is primarily focused on enhancing the link reliability, not for proximate based services.
 - Undoubtedly, the GRIDNMAN's schedule for sponsor balloting is approaching in a few months.
 - Therefore, the DC feature for supporting proximity based service needs a new approach/enhancement different from GRIDMAN's.

- Technically, we can think of two hierarchically top level ways
 - a) BS dependent way: D2D communication with the help of BS or network
 - b) BS independent way: let D2D communication do discovery, resource allocation, and scheduling independently. In addition, we can extend the coverage of proximity based services.
- In this contribution, we suggest proximity based DC PHY/MAC protocols as an 802.16 enhancement.
 - In this contribution, we suggest infrastructure-independent mode
 - In the other contribution (16-12-461-00-Gcon), BS dependent mode will be presented

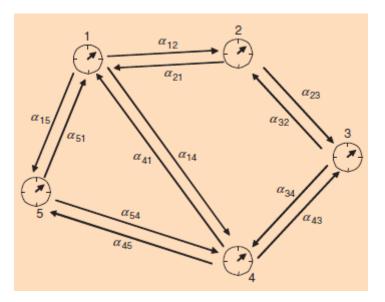
- The primarily focus is on BS-dependent DC. However, technically this feature extends to out of BS coverage (infrastructure-less) situation
 - Why not exploit the licensed band for out of BS coverage area cases?
 - Can setup D2D links where an MS is located out of BS coverage area (the corresponding pair is in the BS's coverage)
 - Can apply to the case of infrastructure failure due to disasters

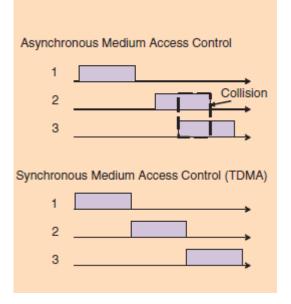


- 1) Infrastructure-independent proximity based DC's enhanced features:
 - Direct device/service discovery
 - Within BS coverage: BS assists finding peers
 - Out of BS coverage: devices independently finds peers

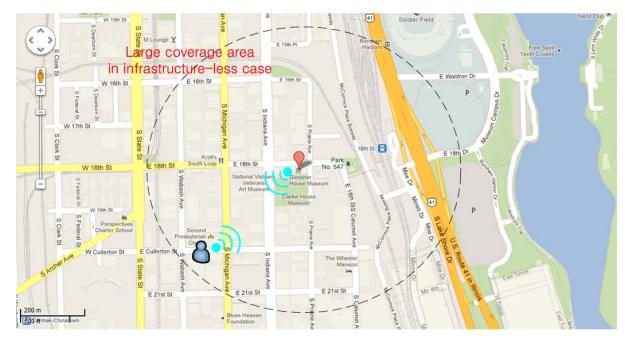


- 1) Infrastructure-independent proximity based DC's enhanced features: (cont.)
 - Out of BS service area case
 - Distributed synchronization
 - Distributed multiple access coordination





- 1) Infrastructure-independent proximity based DC's enhanced features: (cont.)
 - Out of BS service area case
 - Basic large link coverage
 - Multi-hop functionality



- 1) Infrastructure-independent proximity based DC's enhanced features: (cont.)
 - Power saving features
 - A fixed frame structure is preferred
 - Resource reuse
 - Spatial reuse with transmit power control
 - To be added...

- 2) Compatibility to current standard?
 - Backward compatibility with 802.16 OFDMA based standard? Yes
 - No change required for legacy 802.16m PHY/MAC specification, but some additional amendments for proximate DC PHY/MAC protocol.
- Amendment to the 802.16 could make above possible
 - A comprehensive standard of BS dependent DC for proximity based applications supporting use cases:
 - MS to MS associated with BSs
 - MS to MS, only one of the pair is associated with a BS
 - MS to MS not associated with any BSs (out of BS coverage)

Proposal of new PAR & 5C for proximate direct communication (PDC)

- Need for a new TG
 - To fully support the aforementioned proximity based applications and new features currently unavailable in the latest 802.16.1/1a standard
 - To develop a distinctive infrastructure-dependent and/or infrastructure-independent direct communication standard with backward compatibility to existing 802.16 protocols
 - To define 802.16 enhancements to support proximity based direct communication.

Suggested Tentative Timeline for TG PDC

•	Forward draft PAR and 5C statement to IEEE 802	Sept. 2012
•	Submit PAR and 5C to NesCom	Nov. 2012
•	PAR approval by IEEE-SA Standards Board	Dec. 2012
•	TG formation (IEEE 802.16 WG #83)	Jan. 2013
•	IEEE 802.16 WG #84	Mar. 2013
•	IEEE 802.16 WG #85	May 2013
•	IEEE 802.16 WG #86	July 2013

References

- [1] W. Shin, J. Cha, A. Lee, E. Kim, and K. Lim, "802.16 enhancements to support direct communications for proximity-based applications", IEEE 802 doc. 16-12-0353-01-Gcon.
- [2] K. Doppler, M. Rinne, C. Wijting, C. Ribeiro, and K. Hugi, "Device-todevice communication as an underlay to LTE-advanced networks", Communications Magazine, IEEE, vol.47, no. 12, pp.42-49, Dec. 2009.
- [3] P. Janis, V. Koivunen, C. Ribeiro, J. Korthonen, K. Doppler, and K. Hugi, "Interference-aware resource allocation for device-to-device radio underlaying cellular networks", IEEE VTC Spring 2009, IEEE 69th, pp.1-5.
- [4] T. Chen, G. Charbit, and S. Hakola, "Time hopping for device-todevice communication in LTE cellular system" IEEE WCNC 2010, pp.1-6.

Thank You!