IEEE P802.11  
Wireless LANs

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| Proposed changes on Tx mask | | | | |
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Abstract

This document proposes to change the PSD floor in Tx mask of 11ax/ac/n/a in 5/6GHz such that the PSD floor of 11be is aligned with the legacy Wifi generations.

Revisions:

R0: The initial version of the draft.

Discussions:

The transmit spectrum mask of 802.11 was defined as: The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectral mask and X dBm/MHz at any frequency offset, where “X” is the absolute PSD floor (dBm/MHz). With a moderate Tx power, transmitter always need to meet -40dBr, and “X” only kicks in for very low Tx power.

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| BW(MHz) | Abs PSD Floor(dBm/MHz) | Assuming 23dBm EIRP-40dBr -> PSD(dBm/MHz) |
| 20 | -53 | -30 |
| 40 | -56 | -33 |
| 80 | -59 | -36 |
| 160 | -59 | -39 |
| 320 | -59 | -42 |

Comparisons of the PSD floor defined for IEEE/FCC/ETSI/5GNR:

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In addition, if the Tx power is very low due to power control, the transmitter needs to meet -59dBm/MHz which could be challenging.

11be changed the -59/-56/-53dBm/MHz PSD floor to -39dBm/MHz regardless of PPDU BW (11-21-0923r1). Reasons to chose -39: 1) the same PSD floor in 160MHz assuming 23dBm Tx power. 2) People think -30/-27 may be too aggressive. This change is beneficial for WiFi/ non-WiFi coex in 5/6GHz. But if only change the PSD floor of 11be, when 11be product roll out, a device work in legacy mode is still limited by the tight PSD floor. This contribution proposes to change the PSD floor for all the legacy WiFi amendaments in 5/6 GHz band.

-------------------------------------------------------------------------End of discussions--------------------------------------------------------------

To TGm editor: make the following changes based on 11me D0.2

***Changes for 11ax:***

Change clause 27.3.19.1 (P.L. 4065.06) as below

### For a 20 MHz mask PPDU of HE format, the interim transmit spectral mask shall have a 0 dBr (dB relative to the maximum spectral density of the signal) bandwidth of 19.5 MHz, –20 dBr at 10.5 MHz frequency offset, –28 dBr at 20 MHz frequency offset, and –40 dBr at 30 MHz frequency offset and above. The interim transmit spectral mask for frequency offsets between 9.75 MHz and 10.5 MHz, 10.5 MHz and 20 MHz, and 20 MHz and 30 MHz shall be linearly interpolated in dB domain from the requirements for 9.75 MHz,10.5 MHz, 20 MHz, and 30 MHz frequency offsets. The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectral mask and –53 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset in the 2.4GHz band. The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectral mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset in the 5GHz and 6GHz band. Figure 27-47 (Exampletransmit spectral mask for a 20 MHz mask PPDU(11ax)) shows an example of the resulting overall spectral mask when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –53 dBm/MHz in the 2.4GHz or when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz in the 5GHz and 6GHz band.

Change clause 27.3.19.1 (P.L. 4065.50) as below

### The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectral mask and –56 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset in the 2.4 GHz band. The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectral mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset in the 5 GHz and 6GHz band. Figure 27-48 (Example transmit spectral mask for a 40 MHz mask PPDU(11ax)) shows an example of the resulting overall spectral mask when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –56 dBm/MHz in the 2.4 GHz or when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz in the 5GHz and 6GHz band.

Change clause 27.3.19.1 (P.L. 4066.32) as below

### The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectrum mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset. Figure 27-49 (Example transmit spectral mask for an 80MHz mask PPDU(11ax)) shows an example of the resulting overall spectral mask when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz.

Change clause 27.3.19.1 (P.L. 4067.07) as below

### The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectrum mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset. Figure 27-50 (Example transmit spectral mask for a 160 MHz mask PPDU(11ax)) shows an example of the resulting overall spectral mask when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz.

Change clause 27.3.19.1 (P.L. 4067.55) as below

The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the overall interim transmit spectrum mask  
and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset. Figure 27-51 (Example transmit spectral mask for an 80+80 MHz mask PPDU(11ax)) shows an example of a transmit spectral mask for a noncontiguous transmission using two 80 MHz channels where the center frequency of the two 80 MHz channels are separated by 160 MHz and the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz.

***Changes for 11ac:***

Change clause 21.3.17.1 (P.L. 3384.15) as below

For a 20 MHz mask PPDU of non-HT, HT or VHT format, the interim transmit spectral mask shall have a 0 dBr (dB relative to the maximum spectral density of the signal) bandwidth of 18 MHz, –20 dBr at 11 MHz frequency offset, –28 dBr at 20 MHz frequency offset, and –40 dBr at 30 MHz frequency offset and above. The interim transmit spectral mask for frequency offsets in between 9 and 11 MHz, 11 and 20 MHz, and 20 and 30 MHz shall be linearly interpolated in dB domain from the requirements for 9 MHz, 11 MHz, 20 MHz, and 30 MHz frequency offsets. The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectral mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset. Figure 21-29 (Example transmit spectral mask for 20 MHz mask PPDU) shows an example of the resulting overall spectral mask when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz.

Change clause 21.3.17.1 (P.L. 3384.57) as below

The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectral mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset greater than 19 MHz. Figure 21-30 (Example transmit spectral mask for 40 MHz mask PPDU) shows an example of the resulting overall spectral mask when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz.

Change clause 21.3.17.1 (P.L. 3385.31) as below

The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectrum mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset. Figure 21-31 (Example transmit spectral mask for 80 MHz mask PPDU) shows an example of the resulting overall spectral mask when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz.

Change clause 21.3.17.1 (P.L. 3386.01) as below

The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectrum mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset. Figure 21-32 (Example transmit spectral mask for 160 MHz mask PPDU) shows an example of the resulting overall spectral mask when the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz.

Change clause 21.3.17.1 (P.L. 3386.41) as below

The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of the interim transmit spectrum mask and –39 dBm/MHz at any frequency offset. Figure 21-33 (Example transmit spectral mask for 80+80 MHz mask PPDU) shows an example of a transmit spectral mask for a noncontiguous transmission using two 80 MHz channels where the center frequency of the two 80 MHz channels are separated by 160 MHz and the –40 dBr spectrum level is above –39 dBm/MHz.

***Changes for 11n:***

Change clause 19.3.18.1 (P.L. 3213.57) as below

For the 5 GHz band, when transmitting in a 20 MHz channel, the transmitted spectrum shall have a 0 dBr (dB relative to the maximum spectral density of the signal) bandwidth not exceeding 18 MHz, –20 dBr at 11 MHz frequency offset, –28 dBr at 20 MHz frequency offset, and the maximum

of –40 dBr and –39 dBm/MHz at 30 MHz frequency offset and above.

Change clause 19.3.18.1 (P.L. 3214.27) as below

For the 5 GHz band, when transmitting in a 40 MHz channel, the transmitted spectrum shall have a 0 dBr bandwidth not exceeding 38 MHz, –20 dBr at 21 MHz frequency offset, –28 dBr at 40 MHz offset, and the maximum of –40 dBr and –39 dBm/MHz at 60 MHz frequency offset and above. The transmitted spectral density of the transmitted signal shall fall within the spectral mask, as shown in Figure 19-20 (Transmit spectral mask for a 40 MHz channel in the 5 GHz band).

***Changes for 11a:***

Change clause 17.3.9.3 (P.L. 3107.50) as below

For operation using 20 MHz channel spacing, the transmitted spectrum shall have a 0 dBr (dB relative to the maximum spectral density of the signal) bandwidth not exceeding 18 MHz, –20 dBr at 11 MHz frequency offset, –28 dBr at 20 MHz frequency offset, and the maximum of –40 dBr and –53 dBm/MHz at 30 MHz frequency offset and above in 2.4GHz band and 3.6GHz band. The transmit spectrum shall not exceed the maximum of -40 dBr and –39 dBm/MHz at 30 MHz frequency offset and above in the 5GHz band.