## Bluetooth® SIG Liaison Report May 2009

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### **Abstract**

Overview of recent activities of the Bluetooth SIG to inform IEEE 802.11 about developments concerning use of IEEE 802.11 standards by the Bluetooth SIG.

#### doc.: IEEE 802.11-09/0558r0

## Bluetooth® Wireless Technology

- Most recognized wireless brand world wide.
- Over 2 Billion *Bluetooth* enabled devices shipped:
  - 600M Bluetooth devices shipped in 2006 (12 million per week)
  - 833M shipped in 2007 (16 million per week)
  - Over 1B shipped in 2008 (19 million per week)
  - Target of 2B devices shipped in 2012 (38.5 million per week)
- 81% of the current Bluetooth device market centered around mobile phones
  - 75% are mobile phones and headsets (mono and stereo)
  - 6% are PCs, printers, and dongles that support mobile phones
- 9% of market is gaming devices:
  - 91M *Bluetooth* devices shipped for Wii and PS3 remotes
- The only wireless specifications that provide a complete end-to-end experience for end consumer.
- True Personal Area Networking between Peer devices.

#### **Current Status**

- 3.0 + HS Specification Adopted on April 21, 2009
  - High Speed Transport
  - Other performance enhancements
- Bluetooth Low Energy Scheduled for Early 2010
  - Low Energy radio suitable for products that run on button batteries (Sensors and Watches)
  - Health & Fitness applications

## Bluetooth Core Specification Version 3.0 High Speed (HS)

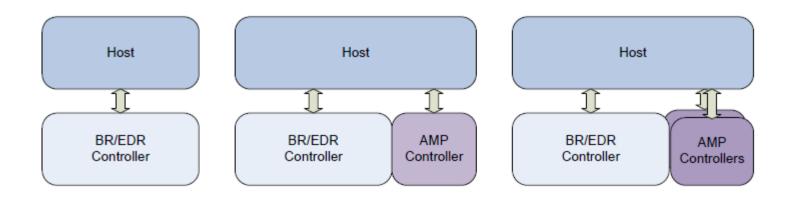
- High Speed Bluetooth Specification Adopted 21April09
- "High Speed" achieved by using IEEE 802.11-2007 as an Alternate MAC/PHY with ERP mode mandatory.
- Designed so that operation does not interfere with connection to an AP.
- Demonstrated on existing net book with updated software for Bluetooth 3.0 + HS implementation.
  - No hardware changes required for existing certified Wi-Fi device with Bluetooth 2.1 chip sets.

## Features of 3.0 + HS

Feature	Benefits	<b>Core Part</b>
Generic Alternate MAC/PHY (AMP)	Improvements to the Host to enable high speed and to support multiple radios	Host
802.11 Protocol Adaptation Layer (PAL)	Enables the use of the 802.11b/g/a MAC/PHY as a high speed radio	AMP Controller
HCI Transport Updates (USB and SDIO)	Support for multi-function devices and other improvements required to support PALs	All
Generic Test Methodology	Provides a common method for testing AMPs without requiring a standardized HCI transport	Host
Unicast Connectionless Data	Enables 50-100ms shorter latency for sending small amounts of data	Host
Enhanced Power Control	Faster and more responsive power control	BR/EDR Controller
Read Encryption Key Size	Enables the Host to read the encryption key size for a given connection. Important for profiles that require high levels of security (e.g. SIM Access Profile)	BR/EDR Controller

#### **CONFIGURATIONS**

- Prior to 3.0 + HS, there were two main parts to the *Bluetooth* Core architecture: *Bluetooth* Host and *Bluetooth* Controller
- 3.0 + HS adds a third part, the AMP Controller, and also renames the "Bluetooth Controller" as the "Basic Rate / Enhanced Data Rate" (BR/EDR) Controller"

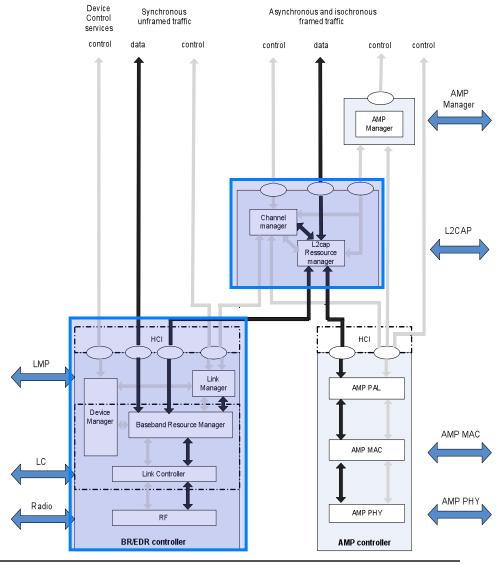


#### **DISCOVERY AND CONNECTION SETUP**

• A key aspect of the AMP architecture is that discovery, association and initial connection setup is identical to *Bluetooth* 2.1

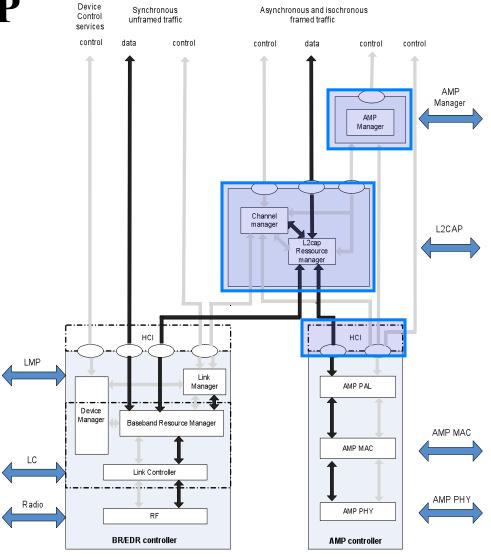
#### Benefits

- These mechanisms do not have to be replicated over each new high speed radio
- Ensures backwards
   compatibility with the
   almost 2B deployed base
   of *Bluetooth* products



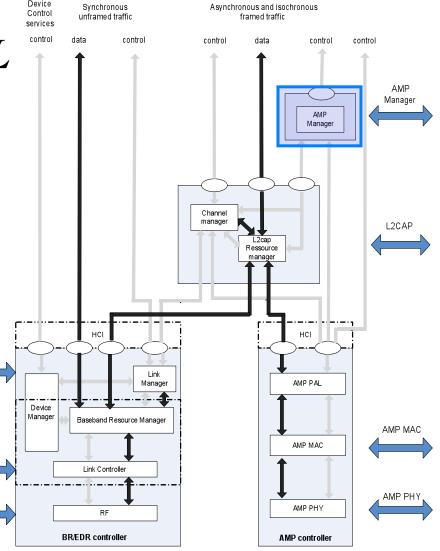
### **GENERIC AMP**

- "Generic AMP" is the infrastructure for utilizing Alternate MAC/PHYs including
  - AMP Manager Protocol (A2MP)
  - L2CAP changes
  - Security
  - HCI updates



GENERIC AMP: AMP
MANAGER PROTOCOL

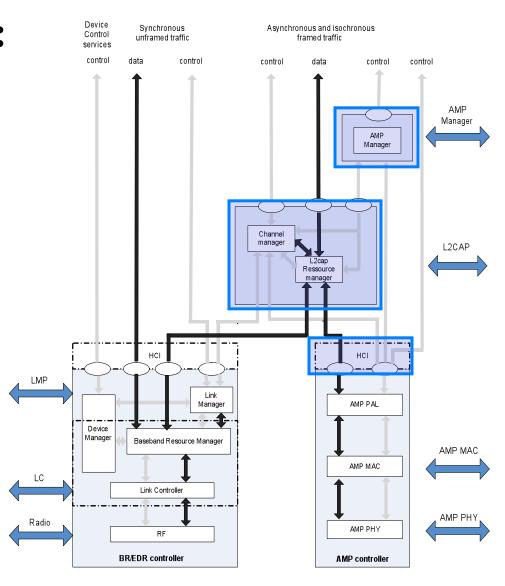
- The AMP Manager Protocol (A2MP) is responsible for
  - Discovering remote AMP
     Managers and Controllers
  - Querying remote AMP Controller information
  - Managing AMP physical links
  - Creating dedicated AMP keys
- The AMP Manager Protocol runs exclusively over BR/EDR
- A2MP uses a fixed L2CAP channel
  - "Fixed" L2CAP channels have pre-defined characteristics, so negotiation isn't required and channel setup is immediate



LMP

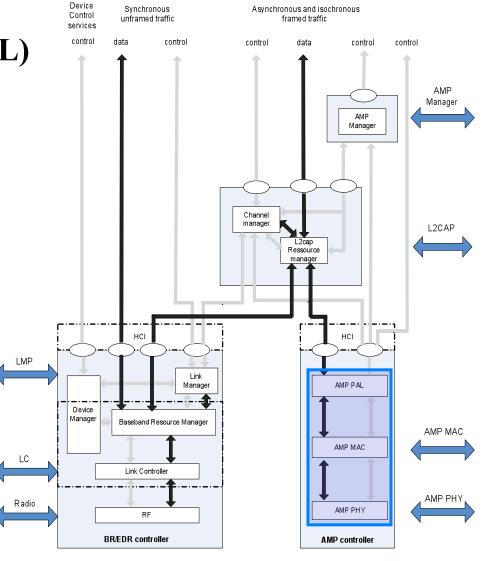
# GENERIC AMP: SECURITY

- Pairing and Link Key generation for the BR/EDR Controller remains the same as in version 2.1
- Generic AMP derives a key from the BR/EDR link key using the h2 function with keyID="gamp"
- Dedicated link keys are then derived for each AMP also using the h2 function and a keyID specific to the AMP (e.g. "802b" for 802.11)
- Each AMP uses the dedicated link key for authentication during physical link setup



### 802.11 PROTOCOL ADAPTATION LAYER (PAL)

- The 802.11 PAL is the Protocol Adaptation Layer that translates between HCI and the 802.11 MAC
  - 802.11-2007 plus amendment 1 is the referenced standard
  - Once 802.11n is ratified, the specification may be updated to include it
- The 802.11 MAC utilizes the 802.11 four address frame format in order to support simultaneous ad-hoc and infrastructure operation
- Target performance requirements
  - >24Mbps stand alone
  - >12Mbps with SCO
  - >15Mbps when connected to an Access Point



#### MANDATORY COMPONENTS

- 802.11 physical link requires BR/EDR as control channel
- Devices shall implement 802.11 Enhanced Rate PHY (ERP, aka 802.11g)
  - Specified by IEEE 802.11-2007 and Amendment 1
  - Devices may implement 802.11 OFDM PHY (aka 802.11a)
- Devices shall send beacons
- RTS/CTS signaling shall be used unless non-interference indicated with Activity Report messages

#### **PAL PROTOCOLS**

- Physical Link establishment
- Security
  - RSNA
  - 4-way handshake
- Link supervision protocol
- Activity Reports

# PHYSICAL LINK ESTABLISHMENT OUTLINE (1)

- A2MP Discovery
- Responder supplies its AMP Assoc to initiator
  - Allows deterministic channel selection
- Initiator
  - Selects 802.11 channel
  - Starts its MAC if not already done
  - Supplies AMP Assoc to responder
- Responder
  - Reads 802.11 channel from initiator's AMP Assoc
  - Starts its MAC if not already done

# PHYSICAL LINK ESTABLISHMENT OUTLINE (2)

- Both use 802.11 open authentication
- Both use 802.11 association
- Both use RSN-PSK
  - Dedicated AMP Link Key used as PMK
  - AES-CCMP used as pairwise cipher
  - Encapsulated with Security Frame protocol ID (not EAPOL)

## **QUALITY OF SERVICE**

- 802.11 AMP QoS implemented with EDCA
- Use of IEEE 802.11 EDCA is optional
  - Availability advertised in AMP discovery phase
    - Remote: PAL Capabilities parameter of the AMP GetInfoResponse packet
    - Local: PAL Capabilities parameter of the HCI Read Local AMP Info
  - If both peers advertise Guaranteed service type, Host may attempt to create a Guaranteed logical link
- If it is to be used, then devices must:
  - Advertise EDCA Parameter Set element in beacons and probe responses
  - Include the QoS Capability element in association requests

#### CHANNEL SELECTION

- Both initiator and responder may scan before advertising channel list (responder) or selecting operational channel (initiator)
- Preferred Channel List uses syntax similar to IEEE 802.11 Country Information element
  - Channels inserted in order of preference
  - Absence of sub-band triplet implies no preference in band
- No requirement to determine or advertise current locale, but performance may be improved
- · Country String 'XXX' used for 'non-country' identifier

#### PREFERRED CHANNEL LIST

- Country String required
- Regulatory triplet {Regulatory Extension ID, Regulatory Class, Coverage Class} required
- Sub-band triplet {First channel number, Number of Channels, Tx Power} optional

Country String				
Reg Extension ID	Reg Class	Coverage Class		
First channel	Number of channels	Transmit Power		

#### **ACTIVITY REPORTS**

- PAL to PAL messages sent over 802.11 medium
- Notification to peer of:
  - Absence of interference
  - Presence of interference, with schedule if known
- May include multiple schedules
- 802.11 TSF (clock) of sender used as reference
- Activity Reports are optional to send

## INTER-OPERATION WITH 802.11 NETWORKS

- 802.11 PAL specification does not require any features or services which prevent *Bluetooth* devices from concurrently communicating with an 802.11 Access Point (AP) and another *Bluetooth* device using the 802.11 PAL
- 802.11 AMP devices may refuse to establish a physical link when the same channel between AP and AMP peer is not available
- Beacons and probe responses are used to signal AMP operation to other devices and networks, including QoS parameters
- 802.11 AMP devices use same channel access procedures as non-AMP 802.11 devices

#### **SHORT RANGE OPERATION**

- As an ad-hoc personal area wireless technology, *Bluetooth* products tend to work closer to each other than Wi-Fi products using an infrastructure network
  - For example, you may place your cell phone very close (less than 12 inches) to your laptop while making a data transfer
- Consumers are used to data rates decreasing as devices get further apart. They are not used to the data rate decreasing as the devices get closer together.
- To ensure that *Bluetooth* devices retain high throughputs at both short and long range, *Short Range Mode* (the ability to reduce the TX power to +4dBm) was included

### **802.11 PAL SUMMARY**

- Supports transfer rates as high as 24 Mbps
- Supports AMP connections concurrently with non-AMP connections
- Supports 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz spectral bands
- Supports Quality of Service

#### References

- <a href="http://www.bluetooth.com/Bluetooth/Press/SIG/">http://www.bluetooth.com/Bluetooth/Press/SIG/</a>
  <a href="mailto:iBLUETOOTHi">iBLUETOOTHi</a>
  TECHNOLOGY GETS FASTER

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